

THE Gleichen Call



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Ninth Year, No. 58

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1915

Per Year \$1.50

John Jensen Committed Suicide Friday

Friday night a telegram was received that John Jensen had committed suicide at J. B. Johannsen's farm, about four miles south of Standard and 18 miles north of Gleichen.

The following morning Coroner Dr. Farquharson and Constable Taylor left for the scene and returning to Gleichen the same afternoon instructed Geo. W. Evans to proceed as undertaker and bring in the body, with which he arrived about 10:30 o'clock that night, the funeral taking place from his establishment at noon Monday, Rev. E. Cox Clark conducting the service.

It is learned that the deceased had been acting peculiar for some time past and making threats of killing himself and others, but little attention was paid to him in this respect, although some were somewhat afraid that he might do something desperate.

Friday afternoon several of his friends visited him and while in a tent near the house they heard a shot and on reaching the house they were horrified to find him lying across his bed dead and his head badly shattered. Knowing the law they at once despatched a message here informing the police, who proceeded to investigate and as nearly as they could judge found that the deceased had evidently while sitting on his bed, bent forward, placed the muzzle of his rifle under his chin and with his finger pulled the trigger, the force of the bullet throwing him on his back on the bed. The discharge had made a large hole underneath his chin, breaking every bone in his face, scoring it badly and dislocating his crown which was described as being as easily moved as a man's hat.

After examining the body and taking the evidence of several witnesses the coroner concluded an inquest was unnecessary and accordingly issued a burial certificate.

Constable Taylor took an inventory of the man's belongings and in their investigations it was found that the deceased had most carefully arranged every detail for his awful tragedy. On the table close by him was found two letters written in the Danish language, one letter was addressed to his brother Jans which when translated showed that it was practically a will in which he left a horse and saddle to his friend Siegfried Sanderson of Gleichen and all his other belongings to his brother, Jens Jensen, who he asked to pay all his debts. In this he enumerated that he had several hundred dollars in the bank, so many bushels of oats and wheat, some hay, eight work horses and many other things to his credit, and that he owed so much to different people and companies for machinery, supplies, etc. All of these items he had down in exact figures which so far as known are quite correct.

In starting his letter he made the remark "I am on my last pipe" and refers to trouble he had with other people and that he was very lonesome and 'sour' on some of his enemies.

In another brief letter to a girl in Nevada he writes only a few lines which do not appear very endearing although he asks her to think kindly of him. It has been stated that some of his friends believed he had intended marrying her this winter.

The deceased had a lease on J. B. Johannsen's farm and had a good crop this year, but was to leave it

shortly to go on a section of land ten miles north of Standard on which he had made a payment of \$500. He came to Canada from Denmark about eight years ago, but spent a couple of years in the States.

Much sympathy is expressed for his brother and other relatives in their sad bereavement and quite a number of friends accompanied him from Standard to attend the funeral.

During the investigation it was found that he had a revolver underneath his pillow and another one under his mattress, while hung on the wall was his sword and three more guns, all the guns and revolvers being loaded.

Sergt. A. Weddel Writes From France

Mrs. W. F. Collins has received the following letter from her brother, Sergt. A. Weddel, is well-known in Gleichen and no doubt will read with interest by his many friends:

October 29th, 1915

Dear sister and brother:—
Your kind and ever welcome letter to hand. You must excuse me for not writing more frequently as we are only allowed to write once a week.

You ask if we go in the trenches. We have not so far. We remain with our battalion and we go out with our battalion. We have had quite a number of losses and a lot of men are in the hospitals. We may go in the trenches soon to take the place of those in the hospital. Each regiment go in the trenches for six days and then have six days out. Brother Ted and myself are with headquarters and when our battalion is in the trenches we are just behind them. I think it a more dangerous place.

All the 'try' shells come our way. My officer asked me to go last time, but we were short of N. C. O.

I think it the duty of every young man to come and help our country for it will be only with a great number of men that we will win. Anyone who gets through this war will be lucky, for if there is a hell it is here on the battlefield. If we live to come back we will tell you many things of a world that is supposed to be Christians that no one could believe but those who saw them.

We have been under heavy bombardment all the week and it makes one appreciate life in a peaceful country.

I am proud to think mother has four sons fighting for their country and think our family has done its share.

Am glad to hear Jack Roberts is getting on well.

I have not met any of the boys from Gleichen yet. I guess you heard of Frank Vigar getting wounded, but it was only slightly, and of Tommie Woodland's nerves breaking down. I hear now both are doing well. Frank was wounded on Oct. 13th. Tell his friends he is getting on fine. I don't think Tommie will go into the trenches any more. He is going on the brigade so will have a good chance to get better.

I had the luck to find a dandy little bango on the battlefield where the famous Princess Pats and the 10th battalion made such a charge, and sent it to May, so if I never return it will be something to remember me by.

I hope we will get through, but there are so many of those try shells and they come so very near at times

PATRIOTIC MEETING ON FRIDAY, DEC. 10

Tomorrow night—Friday—the people of this district will have an opportunity of hearing several of the most prominent public speakers of Calgary explain the work of the Southern Alberta Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund at the Gleichen Opera House, and will also be entertained by Mr. J. A. Irvine for half an hour with some of the best war scenes ever shown.

The principal object of the Patriotic Fund is to distribute \$500,000 in Southern Alberta this year among the families of men enlisted to fight for their country. This amount will be distributed by a committee wherever they find it most needed, whereas the government allowance is given without favor alike to the wife of the millionaire and to that of the poor man.

There will be no charge made to attend this meeting but an opportunity will be given for all to voluntarily assist in the good work according to their means and as they believe best.

In a telephone conversation with J. P. McArthur, M. L. A. for the Gleichen constituency, he informed the CALL that he would be present, and while he was not quite certain of the names of the gentlemen who would accompany him from Calgary, he was assured by the committee that at least two of their best men would be here. He further explained that the speakers were prominent men who were giving their services and time for the good of the cause and the demand for them was so great that the committee was obliged to regulate their program to the convenience of speakers as they could be obtained.

It is the duty of every person to attend and at least by their presence show their appreciation of the boys who are fighting for us.

843,856 BU. GRAIN RECEIVED

Grain has been coming in rather slow the past week, only 20,107 bushels being received by the four elevators, which is divided into 17,431 of wheat and 2,676 of oats, making a total for the season of 483,856 bushels according to the figures supplied us each week by the elevator men. During the week 20 carloads have been shipped out from here and two from Stobart, which relieves the situation a little, although there are still on the order book 189 cars. The number of cars now shipped total 239 from here and 12 from Stobart. As will be seen from our market report wheat has advanced the past week seven cents, oats one, barley five and flax one cent. The weather has been mild and bright, and threshing operations should soon be completed.

It makes one think it is just a matter of time until one drops my way then good bye, but let us hope we all miss them.

We have two big guns to the Germans one and they get more shells then we do.

Am sorry to hear Alberta is going dry. They picked a good time, when all the soldiers were away.

There is a lot of trouble in England and Scotland over raising rent but I think the Government will fix it for they have taken it in hand. It is hard for men to be fighting for their country and to think that the rent is raised on the women left behind.

It is awful to see the wrecks of places. Some towns are just a heap of bricks.

We are not allowed to say where we are. But it is a shame to see all the beautiful buildings now in ruins.

We have had seven days rain and it is like a duck pond about here and we will be glad when this war is over.

Think I have told you all. It has taken two days to write this letter for we are called away often. When the bombardment is at its full rage every man has to stand in case of an attack. We dig big holes in the ground and after putting a roof on cover it with sods—some house?

The stench that comes sometimes with the wind nearly makes a man sick. There are grave yards all around us, where soldiers are buried and one thinks all kinds of things.

Hope all at home are enjoying good health as Ted and I do at present. Remember me to all my friends in Gleichen.

Your ever loving brother,
ARTHUR.
Address—Sergt. A. Weddel,

Hockey Club Dance Very Successful

If one may judge by the entertainment given last Friday evening in the Opera House Gleichen is more enthusiastic than ever over hockey and the local club is due to have more patrons and rooters than ever the coming season. It is hardly necessary to add that this means success for our boys and defeat for their opponents.

Under the management of a committee composed of Messrs. Fawcett and O. McHugh the Gleichen Hockey Club put on their first social evening that night and it was a success from start to finish.

"Start to finish", we said, and that is right; and, be it remembered, it was started on time—just 9 o'clock—and kept right on going until 2 a.m.

Now, that augurs that our hockey boys are up-to-the-minute for this season and that they may be expected to start their games just as promptly as they do their dances, and, of course, continue to a successful finish.

Won't that be beautiful? No cold feet or frozen toes before the game starts. Just get there at the tick of the clock and keep hot rooting until the referee announces another game in the local's favor—just lovely.

But, Friday night's dance, as we remarked, started on time, and to excellent music supplied by Miss Dora Brosseau and Mr. of Calgary, which seemed to put those already assembled in the best of humor and in which the crowds of young people who continued to arrive joined merrily only regretting that they had missed something good. So the hall was filled, then crowded with the lovers of the light fantastic, while the gallery was well filled with spectators who thoroughly enjoyed the music, the dancing the pretty costumes of the ladies; although this was no full dress ball—just a dance, where all mingled and class distinctions were not drawn. The program was not all valzes, steps and lonesome items, ginger enough being put into it to make the merry ones use their heads as well as their heels in quadrilles and circles under the direction of Floor-manager Service.

At mid-night a dainty luncheon was served at the Palm parlors and heartily partaken of.

The Hockey Club treasury has been increased by about \$40 as a result of the dance which the boys appreciate as it is evidence that their efforts are appreciated, and many of the patrons hope the boys will soon announce another good time.

In the Strathmore Presbyterian church recently there voted 39 in favor of Union with the Methodist and Congregational churches of Canada and 24 against; and in the Gleichen Presbyterian church 70 voted in favor of union and 17 against. That is in the united charge of the two towns 72 2-3 per cent voted in favor of union. From the majority in favor over the whole Dominion it seems likely there will be the coming together of these three churches (Presbyterian, Methodist and Congregational) into one church to be called the "United Church of Canada".

Don't fail to inspect Gaudaur's stock of Xmas goods.
Regt. Staff, 31st Battalion, 6th Brigade, 2nd Contingent Canadian Expeditionary Force, France.

Council and Trustees Elected by Acclamation

Monday was the day set by the law for the nomination of councilors and school trustees, but it was not an exciting day in Gleichen, in fact our worthy secretary as returning officer had to chase around after hours and get the vacancies filled and even at the present writing is short a mayor, but lives in hope that C. J. Bray who was out of town will withdraw his resignation and fulfill his full term of office which should not expire until next year. The secretary, however with only a few enthusiasts to assist him has been able to proclaim Messrs. Wallace and Henderson re-elected and Dr. Farquharson elected as councillors by acclamation, who will be assisted by Aldermen Gaudaur, Ramsbottom and Hogg, whose term of office have not expired yet. Thus the only change in the council is Dr. Farquharson, who takes T. H. Beach's place who is no longer qualified as he now holds the position of bailiff.

For school trustees it was not so difficult to get the consent of candidates and Messrs. W. D. Trego and A. N. Lindsay were elected by acclamation, who will have the advantage of the experience of Messrs. W. H. James, S. A. Hall and Mat Leggat whose terms have not expired. Messrs. J. Young and J. A. E. Beaupre retiring.

However, considering the interest manifested by the ratepayers we may consider the town fortunate to have secured so able a lot of men to take hold of the positions as councillors and trustees.

Last Thursday, evening Golden Jubilee Lodge No. 35 entertained a number of their friends in their room in the Larkin Block and spent a most enjoyable evening at whist and other amusements. At midnight the gong sounded and it was announced that Mrs. N. W. McMillan, Mrs. W. P. Evans and Miss Young had tied in whist for the ladies prize and upon 'cutting' Mrs. McMillan drew the prize which was a handsome bon-bon dish, for the gentlemen a prize of a box of chocolate was awarded but Messrs. Robt. Rowe, Fred Jones and W. R. McKie tied and the cut gave Mr. McKie the honor. There were three ties for the booby Mrs. E. E. Holand and Messrs. Bown and Pinder, and would you believe it, the lady extracted from a very large but neatly packed box a cute little rabbit that nodded most friendly to one and all of her admiring friends. A very dainty luncheon was supplied and all are in hopes that the Knights will frequently repeat their social evenings during the winter months.

1000 soldiers just landed at Gaudaur's, only 35 cents a box.

Since the busy season has abated Prairie Lodge No. 41 is enjoying a much better attendance and applications for membership are being received and some pleasant evenings spent. It is requested that all Oddfellows do their best to attend the meetings during the winter months, where they will be assured of a hearty welcome.

The children's paradise is to be seen at Gaudaur's.

Friends will be pleased to learn that Mrs. James Cameron and her twin daughters are getting along very nicely.

MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 25 words or under 50c for one issue and 3 issues for \$1. Over 25 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 25 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

In order to insure publication CASH MUST accompany each notice.

LOST—A light fawn colored robe about one mile east of town. Return to Call office for reward. 40

WANTED—A small bunch of cattle to feed for the winter. Apply to E. Griesbach, Gleichen. 30

LOST—\$10 reward. Black gelding, aged, branded 1 left shoulder. Foretop and tail trimmed, weight 1400 lbs. Apply to H. Ward, Mossleigh, Alta. 38

LOST—One drake almost white and six dark green ducks. Finder please inform W. McKie, Gleichen Garage. 37

FILMS or plates developed. Printing done. All work guaranteed first class. See E. A. Williams, Gleichen. 43

BOARD—Anyone wishing to board at private home can have same at Mrs. Folletts. Mealtickets \$6 38

LOST—black dog with white stripes on breast, and white fore paw, heavy coated bushy tail, answers to name of Jack or Darkie. Reward apply to P. C. S. C. 38

FOR SALE—Saddle in good condition. Miss Williams, Box 212, Gleichen. 37

WARNING—Any person or persons trespassing on sec. 9 and 10, township 22, rge 22, w. of 4th will be rigorously prosecuted. J. M. Telford 38

FOR SALE—6 good coyote hounds. These hounds have been bred from imported greyhounds. Good trial guaranteed to genuine purchasers. C. F. Bruce, Cluny. 38

FOR SALE—N. E. 4 1-10-22. \$20 per acre, \$500 down, balance 5 years. M. G. Hubert, 6816 Ada St, Chicago, Ill. 37

STRAY—Dark black gelding, white spot on forehead and white on one hind foot weight about 1200 lbs. Branded J. C. on right front hip and right hind hip. Apply for reward to Geo. Brassard, Ouelletteville, 37

THRASHING OUTFIT—For sale Case Separator, new 28-48. Gas pull engine 15.30, in good repair. Having finished my own threshing I will sell my outfit cheap for cash or half cash and balance on security. George Nelson, Box 22, Gleichen. 32tf

FOR SALE—south half of section 31 tp. 18 rge. 20. \$20 per acre. \$1000 cash down. Balance 3 years at 6 per cent interest. Apply John Glanbeck, Queenstown, Alta. 30tf

STRAYED—from ranch of Casper Bartsch, one dark bay gelding, foretop clipped, white spot on head, pig-eared, branded 1 left shoulder. Reward for delivery or information as to whereabouts. —Jack Matthews. 25tf

TO RENT—5 Room Cottage. Very warm and comfortable. Apply to Mrs. John Koefoed, Gleichen. 28tf

FOR SALE—one I.H.C. Hay Press 17x22. Also one I.H.C. 8 h.p. Gasoline Engine with 10 1/2 grinder, all in good condition. Apply to J. A. Maynard, Cluny, Alta. 26tf

LOST OR STOLEN—Brown mare small white spot on forehead, 5 years old, branded JD joined together on the right jaw, weighs about 1500 lbs. Has been missing over a year. \$10 reward for information leading to recovery. Apply to Jos. Desjardine, Box 101, Gleichen. 15tf

WITHIN THE LAW

BY MARVIN DANA
(Copyright)

(Continued)

"I simply did my duty," Gilder said. "You are aware that I did not seek any consultation with Judge Lawler. I sent for me and asked me what I thought about the case—whether I thought it would be right to let the girl go on a suspended sentence. I told him frankly that I believed that an examination should be made of her for the sake of others who might be tempted to steal. Property has some rights, Demarest, although it seems to be getting nowadays so that anybody is likely to deny it." Then the ireful, half alarmed note sounded in his voice again as he continued. "I can't understand why the girl wants to see me."

"Why, she just said that if you would see her for ten minutes she would tell you how to stop the thefts in this store."

"There," Gilder cried. "I knew it! The girl wants to confess. Well, it's the first sign of decent feeling she's shown. I suppose it ought to be encouraged. Probably there have been others mixed up in this."

"Perhaps," Demarest admitted. "At least it can do no harm if you see her. I thought you would be willing, so I spoke to the district attorney, and he has given orders to bring her here for a few minutes on the way to the Grand Trunk Central station. They're taking her up to Burnside, you know. I wish, Gilder, you would have a little talk with her." The lawyer abruptly went out of the office, leaving the owner of the store fuming.

"Hello, dad!"

Gilder sprang to his feet, his face suddenly grown younger, radiant. "Dick!" The big voice was softened to exquisite tenderness.

At the eyes of the two men the boy rushed forward, and in the next moment the hands of father and son clasped firmly. Presently Gilder spoke with an effort toward harshness in his voice to mask how much he was shaken. But the tones rang more kindly than any he had used for many a day, tremulous with affection.

"What brought you back?" he demanded.

"Why, I just wanted to come back home," he said lightly. "And, for the love of heaven, give Sadie \$5. I borrowed it from her to pay the taxi. You see I'm broke."

"Of course!" With the saying Edward Gilder roared gargantuan laughter. In the burst of merriment his pent feelings found their vent. He was still chuckling when he spoke, save from much experience of ocean travel. "Poker on the ship, I suppose."

"No, not that, though I did have a little run in at Monte Carlo. But it was the ship that finished me at that. You see, dad, they hired Captain Kidd and a bunch of pirates as stewards, and what they did to little Richard was something fierce. And yet, that wasn't the real trouble either. The fact is, I just naturally went broke. Not a hard thing to do on the other side."

"Nor on this," the father interjected dryly.

"Anyhow, it doesn't matter much," Dick replied, quite unabashed. "Tell me, dad, how goes it?"

"Pretty well, pretty well, son. I'm glad to see you home again, my boy. There was a great tenderness in the usually rather cold gray eyes.

"And I'm glad to hear you're dad, too—there was again that clearing of the throat, but he finished bravely—"with you."

The father avoided a threatening display of emotion by an abrupt change of subject to the trite.

"Have a good time?" he inquired casually.

"The time of my young life, I tell you, dad, it's a fact that I did almost break the bank at Monte Carlo. I'd have done it sure if only my money had held out."

"It seems to me that I've heard something of a sort before," was Gilder's caustic comment. But his smile was still wholly sympathetic. He took a curious vicarious delight in the escapades of his son, probably because he himself had committed no follies in his callow days. "Why didn't you cable me?" he asked, puzzled at such restraint on the part of his son.

"Because it gave me a capital excuse for coming home."

"You clear out of here, boy!" Gilder commanded brusquely. "I'm a working man. But here, wait a minute," he added. He brought forth from a pocket a neat sheet of banknote, which he held out. "There's carfare for you," he said, with a chuckle. "And now clear out. I'll see you at dinner."

"You can always get rid of me on the same terms," Dick remarked slyly. In the doorway he turned with a final speech, which was uttered in splendid disregard for the packet of money he had just received. "Oh, dad, please don't forget to give Sadie that \$5 I borrowed from her for the taxi."

The owner of the store returned to his labors with a new zest, for the meeting with his son had put him in high spirits. Perhaps it might have

been better for Mary Turner had she come to him just then, while he was yet in this softened mood. But fate had ordained that other events should restore him to his usual harder self before their interview. Smithson entered with an expression of discomfort on his rather vacuous countenance. He walked almost numbly to the desk and spoke with evident distress as his employer looked up interrogatively.

"McCracken has detained—er—a lady, sir," he said feebly. "She has been searched, and we have found about \$100 worth of lace on her."

"Well!" Gilder demanded impatiently. Such affairs were too common in the store to make necessary this intrusion of the matter on him. "Why did you come to me about it?"

"I'm very sorry, sir, but I thought it wiser, sir, to—er—to bring the matter to your personal attention. The lady happens to be the wife of J. W. Gaskell, the banker, you know."

CHAPTER III.

The Victim of the Law

Yes, Gilder did know. The mention of the name was like a spell in the effect it wrought on the attitude of the irritated owner of the store. Instantly his expression changed.

"How extremely awkward," he cried and there was a very real concern in his voice. He regarded Smithson kindly, whereas that rather pouting gentleman once again assumed his martial bearing. "You were quite right in coming to me." For a moment he was silent, plunged in thought. Finally he spoke with the decisiveness characteristic of him. "Of course there's nothing we can do. Just put the stuff back on the counter and let her go."

But Smithson had not yet wholly unburdened himself. He again cleared his throat nervously.

"She's very angry, Mr. Gilder," he announced timidly. "She—er—she demands an—er—an apology."

The owner of the store half rose from his chair, then thrice himself back with an exclamation of disgust. "God bless my soul!" he cried. Again he fell silent, considering the situation which Smithson had presented. At last, however, he mastered his irritation to some degree and spoke his command briefly. "Well, Smithson, apologize to her. It can't be helped."

When Smithson had left the office Gilder turned to his secretary.

"Take this," he directed, and he forthwith dictated the following letter:

J. W. Gaskell, Esq., Central National Bank, New York:

My Dear Mr. Gaskell—I feel that I should be doing less than my duty as a man if I did not let you know at once that Mrs. Gaskell is in urgent need of medical attention. She came into our store today, and—

He paused for a moment. "No, put it this way," he said finally.

We found her "wandering about our store today in a very nervous condition. In her excitement she carried away about \$100 worth of lace. Not recognizing her, our store detective detained her for a short time. Fortunately for us all, Mrs. Gaskell was able to explain who she was, and she has just gone to her home. Hoping for Mrs. Gaskell's speedy recovery, and with all good wishes, I am yours very truly,

Smithson again entered the office, even more perturbed than before.

"What on earth is the matter now?" Gilder spluttered suspiciously.

"It's Mrs. Gaskell still," Smithson replied in great trepidation. "She wants you personally, Mr. Gilder, to apologize to her. She says that action taken against her is an outrage, and she is not satisfied with the apologies of all the rest of us. She says you must make one, too, and that the store detective must be discharged for intolerable insolence."

Gilder bounced up from his chair angrily.

"Anyhow, it doesn't matter much," Dick replied, quite unabashed. "Tell me, dad, how goes it?"

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Canadians Airman's Gallant Exploit

How Lieut. Mulloch of Peterboro' Bombed Brussels Aerodrome

A thrilling story of the wonderful exploit of a young Canadian aviator, Lieut. Mulloch of Peterboro', who flew to Brussels and did damage to German Zeppelin sheds and aerodromes quarters there, is told by Major McKelvey Bell, in a letter received at Ottawa. He says:

"I saw one of the Canadian flying men, Lieut. Mulloch of Peterboro', who is attached to the Naval Flying Corps. He had just come back from a flight to Brussels. He started off in a mist and rain and flew over a mile high above the clouds, and he said that every time he came down a little to see where he was, the Germans opened fire on him, and fired so accurately that he had great difficulty in dodging the shells. After he had been travelling nearly an hour and a half he came down through the clouds and below him was a great beautiful city, the most beautiful city he ever saw, with wide streets and splendid buildings. He knew where the Germans had their aerodromes, and he made direct for one of them. It was a large building painted in green and red and yellow, so that from a height it looked like the ground. He swooped down towards it and the Germans opened fire on him with their guns, so that the shells burst all around him. Some of the shells were of a new type, which sent thousands of little balls of fire at him, he thinks, with the idea of setting his aeroplane on fire."

"He sailed through them all and dropped a bomb on the building, then made another circle and dropped another one and then another, and all the time bullets were passing him. One bullet went through the machine, but did not hit him. Then he threw out more bombs and turned for home. The Zeppelin shed was on fire by this time."

"The rain was driving so hard that every time he put his head out to see where he was, it cut his face and he could not see where he was going. Then, again, he had only enough gasoline left to carry him straight home, and if he made a mistake he would have descended into the German lines. He said that every time he came down a little to see where he was, the Germans met him with showers of shrapnel, and he was very dangerous to come down closer than a mile from the earth."

"After a long while he came down a little and there was no firing, so he concluded that he must be over France. He turned towards the coast, and when he got there found himself almost on a beach."

"Lieut. Mulloch left Ottawa as a Sergeant-Major in the 1st Artillery Brigade with Lieut.-Col. Morrison. There were a lot of Canadian boys in the flying corps and they are very brave and daring, and will not let a modest civilian ever try their exploits as the Englishmen."

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School Garden Exhibitions

A New and Interesting Movement for Benefit of School Children

(Contributed by Norman F. Black, M.A., Paed., Regina)

Of course, everybody knows that many competitions in garden products and the like, for the special benefit of school children, have now been conducted by connection with the regular fall fairs under the auspices of wideawake agricultural societies, and the value of these "junior fairs" is recognized by all.

It may be news to some of our readers however to learn that this autumn there have been held, or are yet to be held, nearly a hundred other fairs of which such competitions are the special feature. In many cases these school garden exhibitions are undertaken by teachers' associations, but in many other cases private individuals, interested in linking up the school with the industrial interests of the community have given financial assistance and helped in many other ways.

Agricultural societies, grain growers' associations, home makers' clubs, municipal and school councils, and other bodies have done much good work in this connection. Fifteen or twenty agricultural secretaries have been particularly active and successful in arranging exhibitions for the schools in the particular municipalities in which they are engaged. Special mention should be made of J. N. Pratt, agricultural secretary for Lost River Municipality, whose work in this direction during the past summer has been invaluable.

In some instances an exhibition is held for the pupils of a single school, but in many cases the work of the year in nature study, elementary science, school gardening and agriculture. One by-product of this work is the training in civics which the children receive in connection with the fairs. As a rule a school parliament, school council, or similar body, is organized, the members of which are given certain responsibilities and thus early in life receive practical education for public service.

The prizes given at school garden exhibitions vary from university diplomas, silver cups, medals, garden tools, diplomas and money to some simple recognition such as badges or ribbons. When a teachers' association is responsible for the exhibition it is usually held at the time of the local educational convention, and the work is brought prominently before all the teachers of the association.

The directors of school agriculture, appointed by the Saskatchewan department of education have outlined a policy respecting school garden exhibitions for the whole province and have secured the co-operation of the published press. It is probable that the societies or committees in charge of the exhibitions will be registered through the department of education and that assistance will be given by means of suggested rules, and the advantages of such exhibitions and by other means which are yet under consideration.

It is a good thing. Help it along!

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Prairie Lodge 44

Meets Every Monday Evening at 8 in the Indian Hall

Visiting brethren cordially invited.

F. Scott, Noble Grand
R. P. Umbreit, Secretary.

GOLDEN JUBILEE LODGE
No. 10

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

—meet—
Every Thursday, at 8 P.M.,

—IN—
GLEICHEN CASTLE HALL

F. W. Jones, H. D. McKay
C.C., Kof. Grand S.

DENTIST

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Graduate Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.

Dentistry Practiced in all its Branches. Gas Administered

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Sales Conducted any place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness store. Office phone 3, residence phone 10.
P.O. Box 108
GLEICHEN, ALTA.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF
THE TAUBE OPTICAL CO
700 First St. W., Calgary
WILL VISIT GLEICHEN
EVERY TWO MONTHS
For Dates enquire at Yates Drug Store

Semi-ready Tailoring



Choose your Cloth pattern and Suit Style.
We can make you a Suit to your exact physique in five days—an express train schedule at the shops.

Special Order Tailoring we call it—Bespoke Tailoring, they term it in England.

300 Imported British Fabrics to choose from Worsted, Serge, Tweeds, Cheviots, Vicunas, Hoses, Suits—30 new designs in men's styles.

Suits up to \$25.00. Exclusive to perfection in the highest-grade garments.

The Hicks Trading Co.
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DR. DE VAN'S FEMALE PILLS—Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. Sold at all Drug Stores. Beware of cheap imitations. Sold at Yates Drug Store.

THE GLEICHEN CALL

W. PARK EVANS, PROPRIETOR

Published Every Thursday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 Per Year. Foreign Countries \$2.00

Exchange Must be added to Checks

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1915

Alberta in Strong Position says Financial Expert

A prominent financial consultant of New York, official, having large Alberta interests, recently sent his chief official on a tour of investigation into actual conditions in this province. His report on conditions as he found them is naturally of great importance, as reflecting the unbiased opinion of a financial expert. It is too lengthy to reprint in full, but the following excerpts will indicate its tenor:

"The Canadian crop this year is the largest on record, and yet, in the west, at least, no material shortage of labor has been apparent, in spite of the enlistment for the war. It is true that the government wisely permitted the recruits a month in the harvest fields, but I believe there would have been no serious shortage in most districts without them. In the rural districts the enlistment has not been so heavy as in the towns, and even at that the total enlistment is only about 3 per cent of the population, so that obviously the producing power of the farms, has not been impaired.

"It is not worthy that at every point the economic fabric of Canada remains intact, and the economic position of Canada is really fundamentally stronger than at any time since the big development of the Dominion began with the settlement of the Western provinces.

"Alberta's prosperity is bound up in her crops, and never before in my nine years' experience in the province have I seen such uniformly prolific crops. Not only are the crops abundant in every section of the province, but they are of the highest grade. Wheat crops of thirty to forty bushels, and oat crops of twenty to 110 bushels per acre are actually the average. There was not a trace of frost before harvest.

"The government estimate of the value of last year's farm products in Alberta was \$78,000,000, an increase of 35 per cent over the preceding year. This year, despite uncertainty as to prices, the value of Alberta's farm products can be conservatively estimated at \$100,000,000—not a bad year's work for a population of a little over 400,000, of whom 150,000 are in the towns.

"Alberta is now in the strongest position which she has ever been in. This crop, coming after two years of economy, has put the Alberta farmer in condition to liquidate principal to some extent as well as interest, and in a strong position for advanced operations, especially in live stock.

"Again, as last year, the most significant and helpful factor in the situation is the recognition by all classes—town and country—that the foundation of the welfare of all lies in more and better farming. The press, the politician, the banker, the storekeeper and manufacturer—all are taking farms and farming, and the Alberta farmer has the right-of-way in provincial appropriations of funds, and in legislative assistance. The Alberta government has been enterprising and sensible in its attitude towards the farming community, giving them increasing opportunities to help themselves—experimental and demonstration farms, short term winter agricultural schools in the country districts, special trains carrying exhibits and demonstrators of farm equipment, and methods of agriculture, live stock breeding and marketing. There are also numerous farmers' conferences and institutes, well attended, indicating the growing inter-relation of the farming communities and interests, and the growing interest of the farmers in building on a foundation of permanent success.

"In short, the day of the homesteaders' methods has gone in the larger part of the province, and in its place there is a community of skilled established farmers making their permanent homes on their farms and constituting a stable farming community. It augurs well for the future of Alberta that this state has come about while land values are still low enough to admit of large profits to the careful farmer, and of easy acquisition of land by farmers' sons and immigrants."

One of the noblest works of creation is the man who always pays the printer.

Farms For Sale

340 acres of the best land in the Gleichen district, all but 33 acres broken and 150 now in crop. There is a good house, stable and three granaries on the property, as well as five horses a number of pigs and about 200 chickens all of which is offered at \$10,000, \$4,000 cash down required and balance on easy payments.

Also several other farms for sale.

Apply to Box F, Call office, Gleichen.

Buy an Irrigated Farm From The CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY BECAUSE:

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and insures good crops, not occasionally, but every year.

Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodder, which insures best returns in dairying and mixed farming.

Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement, with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community.

Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Block is no longer an experiment, the year 1914 having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices ranging from \$35 to \$75 per acre, with twenty years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000.00 for improvements (6% interest) on principal payment at end of first or second years and no water rental for first year. Assistance is also given in supplying stock in approved instances.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. Get full particulars from

F. K. CAMERON, Gen. Supt. of Lands,
Dept. of Natural Resources, Canadian Pacific Railway,
CALGARY, ALBERTA

For Rent This Space

to any Local Firm

at the same price as a

Calgary Merchant will pay

First to Come will be First Served

Gleichen Livery Barn

We have first class vehicles and horses and will give you the best attention at all times. Am ever ready to buy, sell or trade horses and will always have a full supply to choose from on hand.

Roy M. Allen

PROPRIETOR.

Thos. Davidson

Successor to

ROWE, ROWE & ROWE

—O—

Having purchased the business conducted under the name of Rowe, Rowe & Rowe I am preparing to give the very best attention to all former customers and invite all others to call and see me whenever they require anything in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Wall Paper, Etc.

THOS. W. DAVIDSON

Artist in

Wall Paper Hanging, Painting of all kinds

THE PRICE OF WHEAT AND MIXED FARMING

Prominent Canadian Newspaperman
Makes Original Comment on Wheat
Situation

In a recent article Mr. Britton Cooke makes a number of startling statements about the wheat problem in Canada. As he views the situation from a somewhat different angle than most of our readers have been accustomed to see it, we quote the following extracts from his article, believing that, while many of our readers may not agree, they will at least be interested in seeing how a man on the outside regards Western problems:

Place of Wheat

Wheat has played an important role in the drama of Canada's evolution. It is a question whether the part may not turn out to have a sinister end. It is possible that Canada may some day regard wheat as California, looking to-day at her all-but-sterile wheat ranches, now regards that yellow crop. As a means of opening a country to agriculture, advertising its fertility, making early traffic for railways, and as a negotiable commodity for which, like gold, there is always a market of some sort, wheat has served a purpose and may continue to be of use to Canada for a long time to come. But it is a mistake for Canadians to suppose that wheat has been a profitable crop. The Easterner travelling in the West is shocked to learn, as he is bound to learn if he listens, that the wealthy men of the West made their money, not out of wheat, but by selling farm or city land at enhanced prices, or by mixed farming. If Canada relies now upon wheat as her great means of paying her debts abroad and securing further advances, then she should face the fact that according to official figures for 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913, her wheat-growers earned only a hired man's wages plus a profit of eight, seven cents per acre of wheat per year! This has undoubtedly meant cheaper food for foreign workmen, but it has meant sacrifice for Canadians. Possibly no other course was open at the time, but to rely upon wheat to make Canada rich means slow progress and a low standard of living. To engage our whole population in wheat-growing would be to hire ourselves as a nation at practically a farm laborer's wage. In the four years referred to the average return to the farmer in Canada on wheat was sixty-six cents per bushel.

The Cost of Wheat

It cost thirty-five cents (average) to haul the bushel to Liverpool and pay the incidental expenses. It costs \$15 per acre to prepare the soil, sow, reap, thresh and team the grain from that acre to the elevator, allowing farm laborer's wages to the farmer only. The average yield per acre of wheat of all kinds in the years mentioned was 19.51 bushels. Thus 19.51 bushels at 86 cents yielded \$12.87—87 cents more than cost. No doubt some farmers made much more than that. But as many as made more how many made less? If wheat prices were tending upward there might then be a gleam of comfort. But they do not tend upward, except for rare and short periods such as the one now prevailing, when exceptional circumstances have altered the ordinary conditions of the wheat markets of the world. Seventy-five per cent. of Russia's population is agricultural population on seemingly unlimited acres of excellent wheat land. The sons of Western farmers who may be helping to force open the Dardanelles are bringing closer the day of cheaper wheat for the world. The missionaries in India and the government authorities in Egypt—all are helping directly or indirectly to increase the world's wheat production. Chili is now able to send her wheat to Liverpool through the Panama Canal. The world total wheat production increased between 1906 and 1913 from 3,340,000,000 bushels to 3,967,513,000 bushels, or by a total of over 600,000,000 bushels. In other words, the world in seven years added to its wheat supply more than five times the total export of wheat from Canada in 1914! This merely goes to indicate that the general decline of wheat prices to be observed in British records since 1880-85 is likely to continue, and that from getting sixty-six cents a bushel on the average the Canadian farmer may come to even less. The reduction of transportation rates on wheat—a thing that may come through the increase of east and west traffic on Canadian railways and not chiefly by arbitrary rate reductions—may for a time keep up the price to the farmer. Access to the American market might for a time postpone the abandonment of wheat as the almost exclusive Western crop. But the inevitable tendency of the world is toward greater wheat production, and it seems not unfair to argue that the tendency of wheat prices is to go ultimately so far down that only the smallest of nations

will look upon wheat growing as a great business.

Wheat Down—Other Products Up

While wheat prices have tumbled downward, what of other farm products? Is it not significant that farm board, for a man, is estimated to have risen from \$10 a month in 1909 to \$12.49 in 1910 and \$14.37 in 1914? Does that not mean that with wheat profits going down farm costs have been going up? While the wheat market has been affected by all sorts of trade winds, the average price to the Canadian farmer in the market for eggs for export rose steadily from 12.1 cents per dozen in 1898 to 26 cents in 1914. The average price of milk cows in Canada rose from \$22.75 in 1901 to \$42.32 in 1911. The average value of the product of a milk cow in Canada rose in the same period from \$27.60 to \$39.38. The average price in Canada per head of cattle was in 1901, \$17.11, and in 1911, \$21.95. The average value per head of sheep rose in the same period from \$4.18 to \$4.92, and of the wool clip from 14.7 cents per pound to 23.1 cents per pound. The average value per head of horses in Canada was in 1901, \$74.98, and in 1911, \$148.96. How Canadian cheese shipments abroad have fallen off in order to meet growing home market demands, how we have lost the butter trade in England and now have to import over one million dollars' worth of butter per annum from New Zealand, is notorious. It might well be supposed that with so little profit on wheat, so much profit and so great a demand for butter, cheese and cattle, there would have been more grain fed to cattle. It would seem obvious that to feed grain and sell dairy products or beef is the same as transforming a low-profit raw material into a high-profit finished product.

The Factory's Place

The annual wage and salary roll of Toronto—most of it spent ultimately on articles originating on the farm—increased in the twenty years between 1891 and 1911 from \$9,638,537 to \$24,064,315; that of Montreal from \$12,831,279 to \$24,370,353; Winnipeg from \$1,176,861 to \$7,414,446; Edmonton from nothing to \$1,007,734; Calgary from \$96,470 to \$1,540,589; Vancouver from \$864,630 to \$4,019,688; Regina from nothing to \$888,048; St. John from \$1,845,848 to \$2,269,898, and Sydney from \$114,634 to \$2,281,327.

Yet in the second half of the same period the number of food-producers to meet this augmented buying-power increased not much more than 24,708!

A New National Policy Needed

Caught between rising food costs at home and falling wheat prices abroad, the wheat producers of Canada turn against the railways, against the manufacturers and against the tariff. Here is where lies the sinister influence of wheat. The lack of a real National Policy of Production for Canada becomes manifest. The wheat miner, seeing no better national future than to grow wheat, would yield to the economic pressure of the highly efficient American nation to the south and have Canada become what she may only too easily become—a mere feeder of raw materials to American workmen. To correct the difficulties of wheat-growing the unwise wheat-grower would place in jeopardy the whole scheme of internal trade relations in Canada.

It would appear as though Canada had outgrown the national policy once so highly spoken of, and that she needs another. One is tempted to ask whether it would not be wise for men to consider carefully whether Canada is to be allowed merely to grow along the lines of the least resistance, shaping herself to the needs of the United States, or whether it is possible to conceive a career for a nation and organize the nation to that end. The easy path is lopsided agriculturalism, growing always what somebody else wants and never what is wanted at home. The difficult path is the path of combined agriculture and industry. The first is the course of inefficient nation: Such a nation cannot support the highest civilization. The second is the course of efficiency, not easy, calling for sacrifice, but the course by which the economic, social, political, intellectual and artistic life of the country may be made really national.

BRITISH WAR BUDGET

The war budget recently brought down in the Imperial House of Commons by Chancellor McKenna, imposes a 33 1-3 per cent. customs duty on motor cars, bicycles, picture films, clocks, matches, musical instruments, plate glass and hats; and increases the duty on sugar from 44 cents to \$2.24 per hundredweight; on tea, coffee, chicory, tobacco and dried fruits, 30 per cent., and on patent medicines, 100 per cent.

How far this new procedure will undermine the British policy of Free Trade remains to be seen, but the opinion is growing that British manufacturers will need a preference in their home market in order to meet the heavy taxes now being laid upon them and also to continue their export trade after the war.

PATRIOTIC MEETING

in The Gleichen Opera House on
Friday, December 10th, 1915

Interesting speeches will be given by
Prominent Men in Alberta
Everybody Welcome

W. W. Winspear

General Merchant,
Namaka



Direct Importer of
Men's Furnishings and
Dry Goods

Grain Cleaning

The Pioneer Grain Co.,
Ltd., has installed a new
engine in the Gleichen
elevator and is now pre-
pared to clean all grains.

W. SAUNDERS
Manager

Pioneer Grain Co., Ltd

NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned
against buying any grain, hay or
other produce, cattle, horses, wag-
ons, harness, saddles, mowers or
rakes from any Indian of the Black-
foot reserve without an officially
printed permit issued by the Indian
Agent

Also not to take in pledge or
make any loan upon any article to
any Indian under penalty of having
any such articles seized and being
prosecuted for illegal pawning

J. H. GOODERHAM
16th Indian Agent

R. A. BIRD Photographer

Gleichen and
Bassano

Gleichen Train Arrivals

The new C.P.R. time table took
effect on Sunday, Oct. 31st, and
the arrivals at Gleichen are as
follows:

Train No.	1—west bound—	2.49
"	3—west bound—	14.30
"	2—east bound—	4.07
"	4—east bound—	17.34

HARDWICK BROS

P.O. Box 186, GLEICHEN

Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

left ribs right ribs
499 left ribs right ribs

Horses branded:

D right ribs

The CALL from now to Jan. 1st,
1917, only \$1.50.

Get a Jumbo wireless alarm
clock in all finishes, price \$3, guar-
anteed for two years. No home is
complete without one. The G. T.
Co. sells them.



Buy Your

RANGES & HEATERS

From us and Save Money

See our Golden Nugget Range with 6 holes, 18-inch oven, and steel top at \$40.00. This is a knockout for the price.

The celebrated "Columbia" Range \$55.00.

Zenith Maltese Range, 6 holes, 20-inch oven \$75.00.

Heaters from \$8.50 up.

Cik's Foot Warmers and Fuel, Anti-Frost Weather Strip and everything for cold weather.

Come in and inspect our stock. No obligation whatever.

We are the people for hardware.



The PALACE HOTEL
GLEICHEN



RATES:

Meals, 50c.	75c. and 50c.
Rooms, First Floor, 60c.	Steam Heated
Rooms, Second Floor, 50c.	
Modern in Every Respect.	

You know as well as we, but you put off taking out a policy. Why? You'll be provoked at yourself the day after the fire that sweeps away your savings if they are not insured. What earthly excuse have you for not seeing us to-day? We await your answer.



Thomas Henderson
Successor to McKie and Henderson
REAL ESTATE
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

THE OLD AND NEW

They used to say:

"Has anybody here seen Kelley?" But now at Cluny it is:

"Has anybody here seen REAGIN—the

OIL MAN—"

He handles the highest quality of oils and greases obtainable—That's why.

OAK OAK OAK

2x12's 2x6's and 2x8's from 4 to 16 feet long, all in the best of seasoned oak. Buy your ranches and fences from us and get the full size of the stick for less money than you can buy elsewhere. This class of goods isn't meant for SHOW but for STRENGTH and we can guarantee the latter.

Revelstoke Sawmill Co. Ltd.

C. L. FARROW, Local Manager

Namaka Happenings

Tuesday, November 30th, will long be remembered at Namaka. The Oldfellows arranged a banquet in honor of their members who have enlisted and are at present stationed at Valparaiso. Seven of the soldiers came down on the afternoon train. The hall was then joyfully decorated with bunting and flags. Card tables were provided. Mrs. Win-cup presided at the piano and C. Thompson played the cornet and patriotic airs were played for some time. After supper Bro. W. W. Viarap, N. G., took the chair and welcomed the soldiers back to Namaka. Bro. E. C. Watts addressed the meeting and then the chairman presented gold Oldfellows' charms to Bro. J. W. Egles, P.G., H. R. Laurie, V. G., Gus Sarge and E. Wilson. After the banquet had responded all joined in singing "The Soldiers of the King."

Sgt. R. H. Lawrie responded and thanked the company for their friendly welcome and said he regarded it as nothing more than a man's duty to enlist in these strenuous days.

Mr. J. P. McArthur M. L. A. then addressed the meeting on behalf of the patriotic fund. All present then joined hands and sang "Auld Lang Syne," followed by "God Save the King," after which dancing followed up by a very enjoyable evening.

Games, games, games new and old at Gaudaur's. Don't miss them.

It is hoped to form a branch of the Patriotic Society in Namaka at an early date.

Threshing is nearing completion in this district. J. C. Peterson is threshing at Geo. L. Peterson's and W. J. Bennett is on his last job with P. Smitton. J. B. Sim after a scheduled run will finish this week.

The splendid weather of the past few weeks has been great for the farmers and with grain at present prices should make the country prosperous.

Buy a Columbia gramophone at Gaudaur's, only \$20.

Coming Events

W-men's Institute—First Wednesday in each month.

Dec. 10—Patriotic public meeting.

Dec. 11—Gleichen District Agricultural Association annual meeting.

Dec. 13—Gleichen municipal elections.

Dec. 14—Ladies Aid sale.

Dec. 17—Queenstown Farmers' Union annual meeting.

Every Monday—Oldfellows.

Every Thursday—K. of P.

First Tuesday after the full of the moon—Regular meeting of Gleichen Lodge No. 36, A.F. & A.M.

Monday—Ad. changes required by noon at G.A. office.

Don't try to kill time. Time can stand the racket longer than you can and is very reasonable in price at Gaudaur's.

Gleichen Grain Market

SPRING WHEAT	
1 Northern	86
2 Northern	83
3 Northern	78
4 Northern	71
5 Northern	66
6 Northern	60
7 Northern	54
8 Northern	47
9 Northern	41
10 Northern	35
11 Northern	29
12 Northern	23
13 Northern	17
14 Northern	11
15 Northern	5
16 Northern	-1
17 Northern	-7
18 Northern	-13
19 Northern	-19
20 Northern	-25
21 Northern	-31
22 Northern	-37
23 Northern	-43
24 Northern	-49
25 Northern	-55
26 Northern	-61
27 Northern	-67
28 Northern	-73
29 Northern	-79
30 Northern	-85

Appended is the honor roll of the men who have enlisted from Gleichen to fight for their King and Country. We trust that friends will send in the names of any we have omitted!

10th Battalion

C Marshall
12th Mounted Rifles
N B Spragg
L C H S Wagstaffe
Reg Rowett
H B Robinson
C P B Bieby
R Rogers
P Dickworth
J Woodell
W Jeffries
A Ross
Lance, Capt. W H Nixon
H Shoppell
L Engstrom
A Michie
C A Bessow
C Wynters

11th Mounted Rifles

Sgt. H. Clark
H G Giesman
W Blicher

1st Battalion

A S Woods
T W Woodland
Frank Vigar, wounded
P Kingwell
E Weddell
Sergeant A. Woodell
John Aiken
G Wakenell

5th Battalion

Sergeant Devine
W Kays
J Gittens
W Whitford

5th Battalion

A Roberts
M Lee
Geo Moss
G Conford
N Clements
W McHuff
R Giesman
W Varnell
E Keyes
J P Collyer

6th Battalion

Sergeant Harry Bowness
Frank Crockett
A Weaver
A McVie
A Wheeler

8th Battalion

J Woodward
Sergeant John Roberts
G Maitland
Austin Brown
Red Goodenham
John Olsen
Arthur Robert Jones
Frank Tolford
J O'Keefe
J Belfer
J Cansell
P A Wyndham
J W P Clark
N Harris
J Christenson
W G Egles
J Williamson
W G Ellis
R Blacane
John Carverham
A W Silbald
H Glenn

P Stuart, C.A.S.C.

J Harper, C.A.S.C.
R Riddell, reservist.
W Riddell, reservist.
Sergeant Major Coates
Parker
T Graham
Sergeant Ory
A K Tennant
J M Bone
P G C Mortimer, Lieut. A. O. D.
J T Johnston
W G Pollis
J Connolly
D Douglas
D Daly
W Reynolds
R Bunting
J Pringle
E Jones
E Napier
B Jackson
J Anderson
Robert Hiches
Bert Ritchie
H Holmes

Capt J T Hughes, Staff

John Martin, French army
J M Carter, French
Sergeant Paul DeConinck, Belgium
David Elmer, 7th Highlanders
Sergeant G R Fox, Princess Patricia's
wounded

Capt R P Wank, K.R.A. wounded

MARK NODDLE, killed in action

Killed in action.

Five gold brooches and necklets

in great variety at Gaudaur's.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Gaudaur's for fine toilet sets.

You will not miss the Xmas tree entertainment!

Mrs. Gaudaur has been quite ill with pneumonia, but was improving yesterday.

Past. Arthur Robert Jones, Rod Goodenham and G. Maitland spent a few days in town this week.

Mrs. Bragg and family moved in from their ranch on Thursday and will spend the winter in town in order that the children may attend school.

The Red Cross is preparing for a sale of dolls before Xmas, and will hold a bee to make them in their room next Wednesday afternoon to which all are invited.

M. Mecklenburg desires to state that he very much regrets that owing to missing a train he was unable to reach Gleichen until 5:30 last Saturday afternoon. He will be here again on January 8.

Principal McKay and his assistants are now preparing the school children for a Christmas tree entertainment which promises to be most successful. Now is there anyone who would like to miss this?

L. H. Lawrie was in town from Standard on Monday and stated he had just received a card of young calves from Calgary, and expressed the opinion that investments in this and other lines of mixed farming would prove profitable in the long run in these parts.

E. H. Birch writes from Grimsby, Ontario, complaining that he has missed two cats and says he wants them all the time for he still thinks there is no place like Gleichen on the map and his friends here. Since Harold quit ringing the bell and left here he has crossed the pond to England and back to Ontario, but in all his wandering he fondly only two persons or things that interested him more than here and that was a bride and then a nice little daughter. Now, he has enlisted with the 10th Battalion, but says that with a friend and his friends and Sunny Alberta for him.

Watches and clocks the cheapest as well as the best at Gaudaur's.

LOST—1 red yearling heifer, brand VV45 left ribs. 1 brown yearling steer, brand RR right ribs. Finder please notify H. M. Taylor, Cluny, Alta.

F. A. McHUGH & SONS

BLIND CREEK, ALTA.
Owners of horse and buggy. H2 left thigh, 2H left thigh, 2 left thigh and left shank. Cattle branded H2 left ribs or left hip or both left ribs and left hip. 101 left hip — left ribs.

M. Mecklenburg

Exclusive Eye Expert
With Gleichen Pharmacy, Monthly

Calgary office, King George Hotel
Edmonton office, 302 Jasper Ave
Phone 5225

DR. JOYAN'S FEMALE PILLS reliable medicine for all female complaints. 25c a box. Sold everywhere. Beware of cheap imitations. A trial will build you up. 25c a box, or two for 50c. Sent by mail on receipt of 50c. Sold at Yates Drug Store.

PHOSPHORUS FOR MEN. Restores vitality. Builds up. Improves health. 25c a box. Sold everywhere. Beware of cheap imitations. A trial will build you up. 25c a box, or two for 50c. Sent by mail on receipt of 50c. Sold at Yates Drug Store.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., L.D., D.C.L. President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager
V. G. BROWN, Superintendent of Canadian Western Branches
H. V. JONES, Asst. General Manager

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$13,500,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application.

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager.

Great Values AT THE HICKS' TRADING CO.

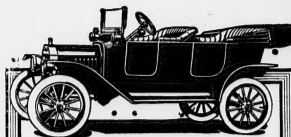
See the following lines:

Five dress shirts from 75c to \$3.75. Work shirts in good heavy flannel from \$1 to \$2.25. Dress shoes in steel or other makes from \$4.25 to \$6. Sheep skin lined coats for cold weather from \$8.50 to \$10.50. Sweaters for men from \$3 to \$6.50. Sweaters for boys \$5c and \$1.35. Men and boys hockey boots in the best makes. 150 men suits in serges and tweeds all the latest patterns from \$9.50 to \$28.00. Corduroy shirts in green, brown and tan \$2.50 each.

The Hicks Trading Co.

Phone 37
For Steam Coal, Galt Coal
Bankhead Hard Coal,
and Briquettes.

Phone 37
For White Rose Gasoline, Lubricating oils.
We move anything with two ends
BROWN'S TRANSFER



"MADE IN CANADA" ANNOUNCEMENT

The following prices F. O. B. Ford, Ontario, effective August 2, 1915:
Ford Runabout \$480
Ford Touring Car \$630

No Speedometer included in this year's equipment, otherwise cars are fully equipped. Place your order early to ensure delivery.

W. R. MCKIE, GLEICHEN
LICENSED DEALER.

